

FD-307

M.Sc. 1st Semester Examination, Dec.-Jan., 2021-22

CHEMISTRY

Paper - III

Quantum Chemistry (Thermodynamics and Chemical Dynamics-I)

Time :	Three	Hours]	[Maximum	Marks	:	80
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Note : Answer all questions. The figures in the righthand margin indicate marks.

Unit-I

1.	(<i>a</i>)	Transform the complex number, z = -3 + 2i into polar form.	5
	(<i>b</i>)	If \vec{r} is the radius vector and \vec{p} is the momentum vector and	
		$\vec{L} = i\vec{L}_x + j\vec{L}_y + k\vec{L}_z$ where, \vec{L} is the total	
		angular momentum, then find the values	
		of \vec{L}_x , \vec{L}_y and \vec{L}_z .	5

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(Turn Over)

(2)

Give the application of Schrodinger wave	
equation to find out energy and spherical	
harmonics of a rigid rotator.	10
	Give the application of Schrodinger wave equation to find out energy and spherical harmonics of a rigid rotator.

OR

- (a) If $z_1 = 2 3i$ and $z_2 = -5 + 2i$, then find the values of $|z_1|$, $|z_2|$ and the arguments of z_1 and z_2 .
- (b) Write the postulates of quantum mechanics. Derive time independent equation on the basis of postulates of quantum mechanics.
 10

(c) Find

2.

$$\int e^{3x} \cos(3x) dx \qquad 5$$

Unit-II

(<i>a</i>)	Using Maxwell relations, show that for	
	van der Waal's gas $\frac{\delta Cp}{\delta p} = \frac{2a}{RT^2}$.	10
(<i>b</i>)	Derive Gibb's-Duhem equation.	5
(c)	What is Fugacity? How it vary with pressure?	5

OR

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	(<i>a</i>)	Show that chemical potential of a component in the gaseous mixture is always less than its chemical potential in the pure state.	10
	(<i>b</i>)	Give the method of determination of partial molar volume.	5
	(<i>c</i>)	What is activity? Discuss activity of an ideal gas and that of a real gas.	5
		Unit-III	
3.	(<i>a</i>)	Discuss briefly Debye-Huckel theory of strong electrolytes and give Debye-Huckel Onsager equation.	10
	(<i>b</i>)	How the mean activity coefficients of electrolytes can be determined by emf measurement?	5
	(<i>c</i>)	Calculate the mean activity coefficient of a 0.02 molar aqueous solution of zinc chloride. (Given A = 0.509)	5
		OR	
	(<i>a</i>)	Derive Lipmann equation.	10
	(<i>b</i>)	Give the brief discussion of Debye- Huckel limiting law.	5
	(<i>c</i>)	Explain Stern model of electrified interface.	5

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Unit-IV

What are consecutive reactions ? Give the kinetics of consecutive reactions and explain transient equilibrium and secular equilibrium of reactions.	10
What is Salt effect? Explain the salt effect involved in catalytic reactions?	5
Give the application of steady state kinetics to the thermal reaction between hydrogen and bromine.	5
OR	
What are the postulates of transition state theory? Derive Eyring equation on the basis of transition state theory.	10
Discuss integral and differential methods of determining rate law.	5
	 What are consecutive reactions ? Give the kinetics of consecutive reactions and explain transient equilibrium and secular equilibrium of reactions. What is Salt effect ? Explain the salt effect involved in catalytic reactions ? Give the application of steady state kinetics to the thermal reaction between hydrogen and bromine. <i>OR</i> What are the postulates of transition state theory ? Derive Eyring equation on the basis of transition state theory. Discuss integral and differential methods of determining rate law.

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